



Kingdom of Bahrain
Ministry of Education
Jidhafs Secondary Girls School
English Department



ENG. 102

Midterm Revision Booklet



2016/2017

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No.	Unit	Required Writing for the mid-term exam
7	Science	1. Describing a famous person. 2. Describing charts.
8	The night	3. Story/ anecdote/ Narrative.
9	Work & industry	4. Article comparing life in the past to now. 5. Process Essay.





Unit 7

SCIENCE

Old inventions

A. Music Cassette



Music cassettes, which had a ribbon of magnetic tape inside, were mostly used in cars up until the mid-1990s, and before that in the 1980's with Walkmans and at home. You could buy them with music on them, or buy ones and record your own music onto them. These have been replaced by MP3s and CDs.

B. Black and white TV



Early TVs could not show color, and it was not until 1954 that the first color TVs were introduced. They were very expensive, so most people really did not have color TVs until the 1970s. We now have large LCD TVs which are much larger and have a clearer picture.

C. Floppy Disk



The floppy disk was a way of storing and moving computer data. They were very unreliable and could not hold much data. These days, they have been replaced with USB sticks and DVDs.

D. Film camera



The film camera was developed in the late 1830s, from ideas that had been around for hundreds of years before. These days we use digital cameras and smart phones to take pictures, but some people still think film looks better and use film cameras today.

E. Sony Walkman



In the 1980s many people had a Walkman. You could listen to a store bought cassette on it or make your own cassette 'mix' from the radio or from another cassette. These days we use MP3 players or smart phones. 30 years ago people were very excited when they could first walk along and listen to their favorite music.

F. Typewriter



Typewriters were invented in the early 1830s and were used up until the middle of 1980s, when they were replaced by computers. Many journalists and writers used them, but they are not as convenient as computers.

G. Vinyl record



Dating from around 1890, Vinyl records have tiny grooves and a needle on the record player reads the music. Vinyl records are still used today. Many DJs and music lovers still prefer their sound to a CD or an MP3. Vinyl records come in three common sizes and have three possible speeds.

H. Telegraph and Morse code



This technology was developed in about 1837 and was used from the 1850s for at least one hundred years. This technology has been replaced by email and the internet, and before that by the FAX machine.

Reading 1:

Q1: Read the eight texts about old inventions. Match the information in each statement to one of the inventions. Write the name of the invention in the space provided.

There is an example (0) at the beginning.

Which invention...

0	Was invented first during the 1800s?	<i>Typewriter</i>
1	Comes in different sizes?	
2	Was mostly used in cars?	
3	People still use it to capture best moments?	
4	Could be used to write books?	
5	Used to be very costly?	
6	People stopped using it by the mid-1980s?	
7	People used to listen to audios while moving around?	
8	Used to hold a small amount of data?	
9	People replaced it with the internet?	
10	You can record your own music with it?	

Famous People Biographies

Reading 2: Read the following five short biographies of famous people and answer the questions below:

(1) Tarafa Ibn Al-Abd



Tarafa Ibn Al-Abd was a 6th century Arabian **poet** of the tribe of the Bakr. He spent his youth in Bahrain. After peace had been established between the tribes of Bakr and Taghlib, he left his native land to Al-Hira and there became a friend to the king's brother. His long poems were hanged on the Kaaba in Makah during the pre-Islam time. One of his poems was published in The Diwans of the Six Ancient Arabic Poets (London, 1870). Some of his poems have been translated into Latin with notes in 1895.

(2) Malala Yousafzai

Malala was born in Mingora, Pakistan on July 18th, 1997. She is a young and popular activist who defends human rights and education access for women in her native valley, Swat. She is also a BBC **blogger**, and author of a book: "I am Malala". She was attacked by a Taliban gunman in 2012. She is currently living in Birmingham, England with her family. Her family owns a chain of schools in Pakistan. Malala is known for being the youngest Nobel Peace Prize laureate in our history.



(3) Ahmed Ibn Majid



Ahmad Ibn Majid was born in Julfar (Ras Al Khaimah) in 838 AD. His father was a sea captain and his grandfather was also a famous seaman. He studied astronomy and learned a lot about the stars, the moon and the winds. He is known as the first Arab **navigator**. During his life as a sailor Ibn Majid wrote more than forty books about the sea. These books had helped the people of the Gulf to reach India, East Africa and other countries.

(4) Tariq Ibn Ziyad

Tariq Ibn Ziyad was a fearless, legendary Muslim military **leader**. Tariq was born in the Northern African Berber tribe. After the death of his father, he joined the Muslim army in Northern Africa. As a young soldier, he had shown great skill in the army and had a strong Muslim faith. He made an important **achievement** in the Islamic history. He succeeded in making Spain part of the Islamic State in 711 AD. Thus beginning the Golden Age of Al-Andalus where Muslims ruled for over 700 years.



(5) Hayat Sindi



Hayat Sindi is an inspirational young woman researcher born in Mecca, Saudi Arabia. From a very young age, Sindi says she has been inspired by science and scientists, such as Ibn Sina, Al-Khwarizmi, Einstein and Marie Curie. She chose to become a **scientist** to “make a difference in the world.” She is the first woman from the Gulf States to receive a PhD in biotechnology from Cambridge University. She has invented a machine joining the effects of light and ultrasound to use in biotechnology. “Diagnosis for All” is one of her **contributions** to help people in the developing countries.

Q1: Read the following statements and decided which famous person is each one about.

Who among the famous people....	Name
0 wrote an autobiography?	<i>Malala Yousafzai</i>
1 a courageous military person?	
2 got a higher education degree?	
3 was known for writing poetry?	
4 wrote books about exploration?	
5 lives away from native land now?	

Q2: Match the words in the box with their definitions.

Poet - blogger- navigator- leader- achievement- scientist- contributions

0. _____ *Poet* _____ a person who writes poems.
1. _____ an expert who studies or works in one of the Sciences.
2. _____ a person in control of a group, country, or situation.
3. _____ someone who travels to places where no one has ever been.
4. _____ someone who writes on a webpage.
5. _____ something that you do to help others or society.
6. _____ something very good and difficult that you have succeeded in doing.

DESCRIBING A FAMOUS PERSON



Written by JS GS Students:

Ibn AlNafis is one of the most famous scientists in the world. His full name is Alaa AlDin Abu AlHassan ibn Abi – AlHazam. He was born in 1213 in Damascus, Syria and lived in the Muslim Golden age era. Ibn AlNafis studied at the Medical College hospital as a physician. He died on 17th December 1288 in Cairo.

Ibn AlNafis is very well-known. He discovered the blood circulation in the human body, as well as, his discoveries in bones, muscles and stomach. He wrote many books, but the most famous ones are AlShamil fi Al-Tibb, which is an encyclopaedia comprising of 300 volumes and has two sections, theoretical and practical and his other book, the Summary of law (Mujaz AlQuran).

His achievements have changed the world to the better. People nowadays know almost every part of the human body because of his discoveries. Ibn AlNafis' book is considered as a handbook for general medicine for medical students and doctors to learn from. Ibn AlNafis truly left a mark in the world.

Written by: Fatima Kadim, Jehan Abdvallah, Hawraa, S.Taleb, Alaa S.Haider, Esraa Isa, Sara Moh'd. (2 Uni 7)

P.S. please refer to your class work and H.W (writings + worksheets)

DESCRIBING A FAMOUS PERSON



Written by JSGS Students:

Isaac Newton is one of the most famous scientists in the world. He is an English Mathematician, born on 4th January 1643 and died on March 1727. Newton studied in Trinity College in Cambridge. Also, He discovered a new type of mathematics called calculus.

Newton is very well-known. He was inspired to formulate the theory of gravity by watching an apple falling from a tree. Also, he discovered the telescope, an optical instrument. Moreover, he published his book "Mathematics principle of natural philosophy". Sir Newton got a lot of awards like the knight bachelor.

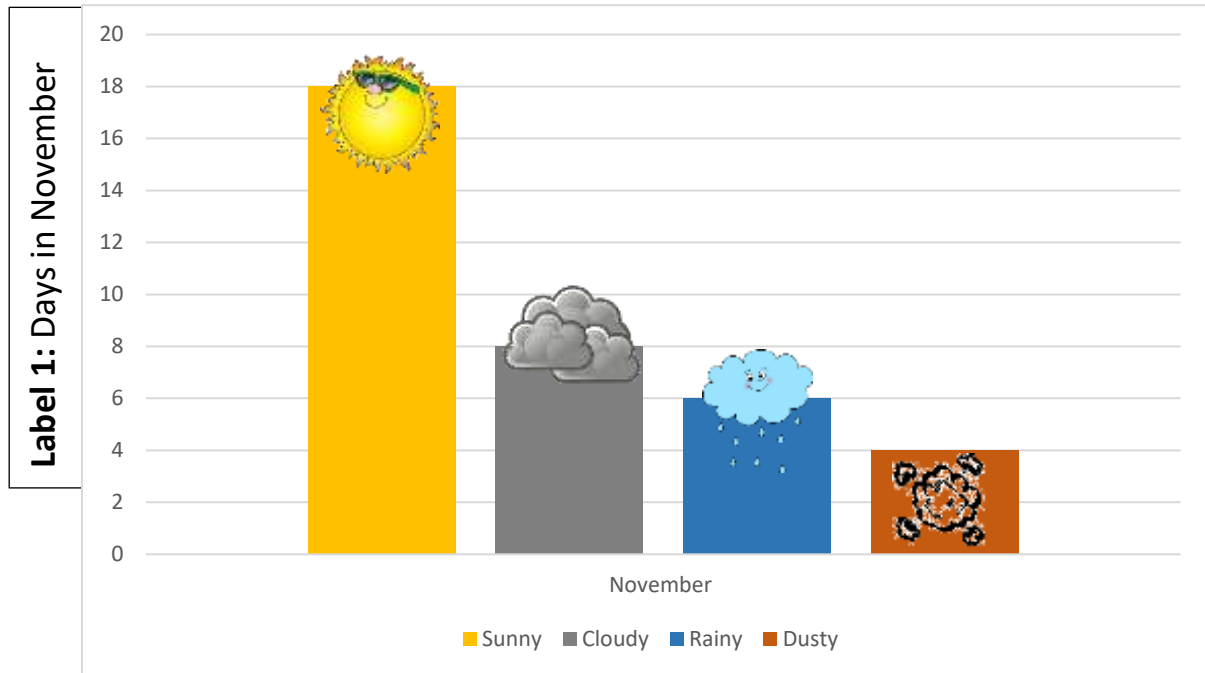
Newton's achievements have changed the world to the better. He made distant objects appear nearer when he discovered the telescope. He also developed the three laws of motion which are the principles of modern physics. People use his discoveries every day.

Written by: Seddeqa Kayed, Bushra alBunni, Wesal Moh'd, Fatima Al Hulaibi, Zainab A.Ameer (2 Uni 2)

P.S. please refer to your class work and H.W (writings + worksheets)

How to write a report about a bar chart?

Bahrain's Weather in November in 2016



Label 2: Weather



Type of Chart	
Title of Chart	
Label (1)	
Label (2)	

Look at the Bar Chart above and answer the questions below.

1. What weather had the highest number of days? How many days? 😊

2. What weather had the least number of days? How many days? 😞

3. How can you compare the cloudy , rainy and dusty days in November?

(Nearly equal)

4. How can you compare the cloudy days to the rainy days in November?

(↑ More)

5. How can you compare the sunny days to the cloudy days in November?

(↓ More by 10 days)

DESCRIBING CHARTS

The bar chart gives information about (1)
in 2016. It shows the number of days for four different kinds of weather: sunny, (2)
....., (3)..... and
(4).....

It is clear from the chart that.....

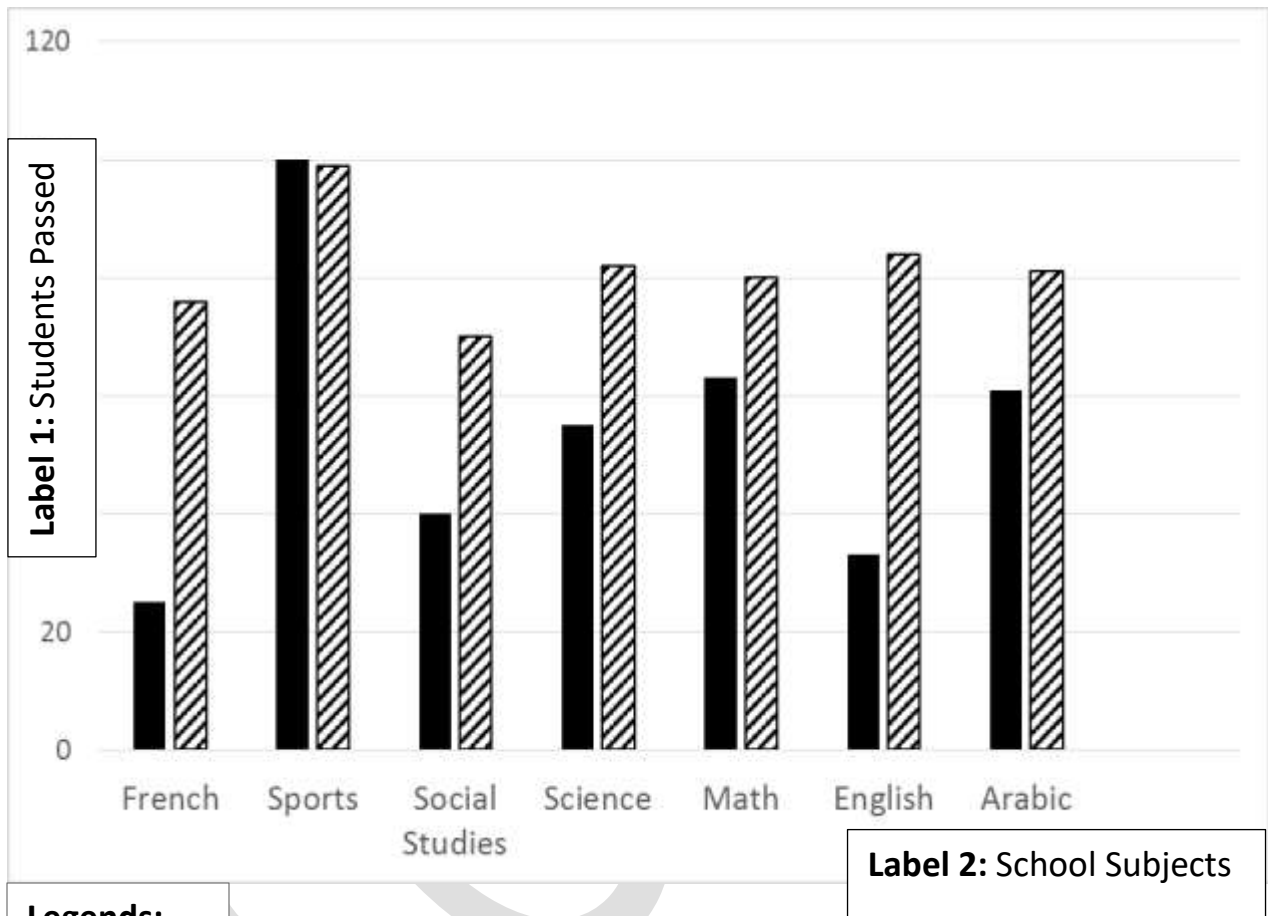
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Overall,.....

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How to write a report about a bar chart?

The percentage of students who passed their high school exams in 2010



Legends:

- Boys
- Girls

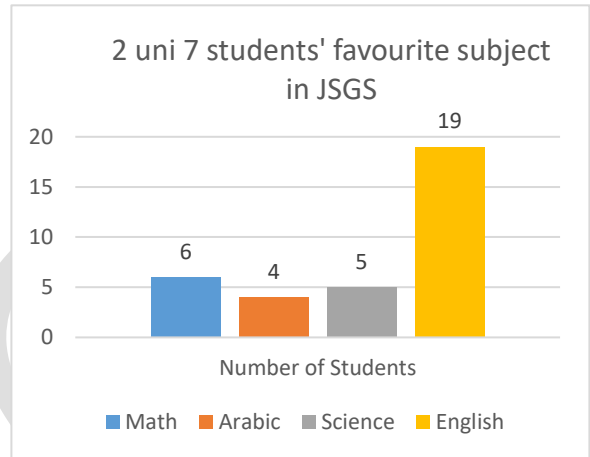


Type of Chart	
Title of Chart	
Label (1)	
Label (2)	
Legends	

DESCRIBING CHARTS

Written by JS GS Students:

The bar chart gives information about 2 uni 7 students' favorite subjects in Jidhafs Secondary Girls School in four different subjects, which are: Math, Arabic, Science and English.



It's clear from the chart that English is students' favorite subject, because nineteen students chose it. However, Arabic is the least favorite subject, only four students chose Arabic. In addition, Math and Science have nearly the same number of students. According to the graph, there is a great gap in the literature subjects, English and Arabic, where students prefer English over Arabic.

Overall, the graph shows that the majority of 2 Uni 7 students like English and the minority of them like Arabic. Also, the number of students who like Math, Arabic and science are almost equal.

Written by: Alaa Sadiq, Hawraa Yasser and Fatima Kadhim (2 Uni 7)
P.S. please refer to your class work and H.W (writings + worksheets).



Unit 8

THE NIGHT

Reading 3: Read the following text and answer the questions below:

Sleep is essential for human life. Most people spend about a third of their life sleeping. That means during our life we will spend about twenty-five years asleep. While the **average** person sleeps about seven hours a night, some people can manage with as little as four hours. We don't all need the same amount of sleep.

So what happens when we are asleep? There are five stages in the cycle of sleep. Each cycle lasts about 90 minutes and we often repeat this cycle five times a night. In the first two stages, we fall into a light sleep. In stages three and four, we are in deep sleep and our heart rate and breathing slows down. In stage five, our brain becomes active and our eyes move around quickly. This stage of sleep is called REM, which stands for **rapid** eye movement. It is during REM sleep that we do all our dreaming.

Sleep also plays a part in our performance at school and at work. A number of reports have shown that children who get a good night's sleep do better in school. Obviously, one reason for this is that if you are very tired you cannot **concentrate**. However, there is another important reason. Scientists believe that sleep is important for our memory. While we are asleep our brain deals with information we have learnt and sleep helps **reinforce** our memories.

Another **essential** part of sleep to understand is our circadian rhythm, or 'body clock'. This is our body's natural rhythm of sleep. Generally, our body clock tells us to sleep when it is dark and wake when it is light. However, studies now suggest that young people's body clocks change when they become teenagers. Some scientists believe that teenagers are not lazy, but biologically programmed to go to bed later and wake up later.

Q1: Answer the following questions:

a) What happens to the person in the fifth stage of sleeping?

b) Why is sleep so important? Give two reasons.

1. _____

2. _____

c) What does circadian rhythm mean?

Q2: Match the words from the box with their meanings.

Average – rapid – concentrate – reinforce – essential

	1. To strengthen.
	2. Moving very fast.
	3. Something very important.
	4. Normal.
	5. To focus on something.



STORY

Written by JSGS Students:

Our lives are filled with ups and downs and unexpected events. My story happened in a cottage in the forest on a windy night while I was staying with my three friends. It was a very scary night.

Here is how it all started and what happened. We had a lovely dinner then each one of us chose a room to rest. I was peacefully reading my favourite book when suddenly the electricity went off. So, I took my phone and turned the flash light on. Once I got out of my room I heard a loud scream coming from my friend's room. I ran directly to the source to check on her, but there she was! A dead body lying on bed with lots of blood on the sheets! The view was terrifying. At that time, I saw a figure through the window and I ran outside to see who it was. Meanwhile, I heard another scream and noticed that my other friend was missing. I ran back to the cottage and found her dead in the lobby.

The end of the story was truly unforgettable, I tried to escape but the doors were locked. Zombies were everywhere. That is when my mother woke me up saying "WAKE UP! You are late for school."

Written by: Fatima A.Aziz, Malak Zakariya, Zainab S.Jaffer, Ameena Aziz, Fatima Moosa, and Zahra Hussain. (2 Uni 9)

P.S. please refer to your class work and H.W (writings + worksheets)

STORY

Written by JSGS Students:

It was a normal night, my family and I decided to go to Unicorn Theme Park. The weather was delightful, till it changed. I'll never forget that day.

Here is how it all started and what happened. Everything was perfect when we got there, father was laughing, mother was playing with my little brother Milo and my sister Treasure (Tres) was reading a book while I was doing my best to finish every dangerous game that park had. It was like that for an hour before we heard screaming and the sound of a powerful explosion! Everyone was startled, and the place went quiet. People were looking around cautiously waiting for something to happen, looking for the source of that scream and the explosion. All of a sudden, the ground started shaking with every bang that sounded, it was like a footstep of a giant. And it was a giant, just not human, but a monster. It had eyes that were bulging out of its face, with slime dropping out of its mouth, and it was so huge that I felt like an ant when it came and stood right in front of me. I looked up and...

The end of my story was truly unforgettable. There was no end! Apparently, it was just a nightmare that my mother woke me up from. Yay Me! I guess I was relieved it was only a stupid dream, but a little disappointed that I didn't get to ride all those awesome rides. Shame.

Written by: Safa Moh'd Saeed. (2 uni7)

P.S. please refer to your class work and H.W (writings + worksheets)

STORY

Written by JSGS Students:

It was a stormy night and I was invited to my friend's birthday party. I got ready for the party and I wore a nice short dress with high heels.

While I was wearing my makeup, I smelled smoke. So I ran downstairs to check. I discovered that the house was on fire. I was shocked and afraid. I ran to my sister's room but it was empty. I panicked and started shouting for help, but no one answered so I went back to my room. I was crying and I tried to call my father on his phone, but he didn't answer. Minutes later, my father entered my room calling for me. I felt happy to see him. He hugged me and got me out of the house.

It was the scariest day ever. I was close to death and I missed my friend's birthday party. Yet, I'm glad to be alive.

P.S. please refer to your class work and H.W/ (writings + worksheets)



Unit 9

WORK & INDUSTRY

Reading 4: Read the following text and answer the questions below:

Technology and inventions have been a powerful **force** in the development of civilizations. I have not the **slightest** doubt that life has changed and it is completely different than in the past.

First of all, people were not able to travel such long distances in such a short period of time. Trips had been long, hard and dangerous and people had to travel on foot or by animals. Nowadays, we have become very **mobile**. We have fast and comfortable cars and other means of transport. Moreover, in the past people had to work much harder as they didn't have tools which made their work easier. Today, most of the difficult and dangerous work is done by computers and other machines. In the past, the conditions of living were not as comfortable as they are now. There were no bathrooms nor running water in many houses. Another difference between living now and in the past is the fact that nowadays access to education is much easier and it is not hard at all to find the educational materials that you need thanks to the Internet.

All things considered, it is an **obvious** conclusion that life has changed significantly in the last years. It is definitely much easier now. However, it is not easy to decide if it is also better.

Q1: How did technology affect life nowadays?

Transportation : • We have fast and comfortable cars and other means of transport.

Work : • _____

Living conditions : • _____

Education : • _____

Q2: What does the writer think about the changes in society?



Q3: Match the words in the box with their meanings.

Force – slightest – mobile – obvious

	1. Clear to understand.
	2. Able to move from one place to another.
	3. A strong effort.
	4. Small and tiny.

ARTICLE COMPARING LIFE IN THE PAST TO NOW



Written by JSGS Students:

Life used to be totally different in the past than now in many ways. This article compares life in the past and now in the following areas: facilities, family life, transport, jobs and education.

Life used to be very difficult in the past, because people used to wash their clothes in a bucket, as well as cleaning the house with a broom. Some used to bring the water from a well. Also, there was no electricity, people used to light a candle and they lived in extended families. It was difficult to move from one place to another because there were no cars, trains or planes. Moreover, only men used to work in farming and pearl diving. In addition, children used to go to the homes of Quraan teachers to learn reading.

Life is much easier now, people prefer to have nuclear families. Also, they wash their clothes in washing machines and clean the houses with vacuum cleaners. Also, water and electricity are available all the time. Besides that, transportation is faster and easier, people now can travel around the world using planes. Add to that, people work in different fields in offices like doctors and teachers. Furthermore, children, boys and girls, go to schools to study all subjects.

Written by: Fatima A.Aziz, Malak Zakariya, Zainab S.Jaffer, Ameenah Aziz, Fatima Moosa, Zahra Hussain. (2 Uni 9)

P.S. please refer to your class work and H.W (writings + worksheets)

Milking process

Reading 5: Read the following text and answer the questions below:

The milk process requires several important steps. To make sure that people get a clean and healthy milk.

First, cows are fed grass, grain and hay to increase the milk production. After the cows are milked, the raw milk is pumped into refrigerated storage tanks, where it is cooled to 38°F. Then, a truck comes to the dairy farm each day to haul the milk to the processing plant. Before the truck leaves the dairy farm, the milk is tested for safety and regulation purposes. Milk trucks have shiny metal tanks designed to keep the milk cold. The milk then arrives at a processing plant, where it goes through pasteurization and homogenization.

Pasteurization is heating the milk up to 162°F for 16 seconds to kill any bacteria, germs, or yeast in the milk. It is then cooled immediately back to 38°F.

Homogenization is the process in which the butter fat, also known as the cream, is broken up and blended in with the rest of the milk.

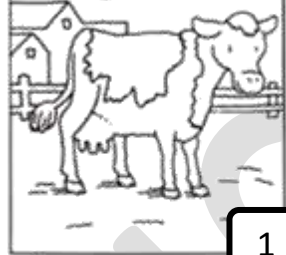







The milk is then bottled and shipped to grocery stores, schools, and restaurants. Dates are printed on the milk jugs to show how long the milk will stay fresh. On average, it only takes 2 days for milk to go from the cow to the grocery store shelves.



Q1: Read the text and decide whether the following statements are true (✓) or false (X):

1. The raw milk is kept in warm tanks. (_____)
2. In the processing plant, milk is heated to get the butter fat. (_____)
3. The milking process takes 2 days only. (_____)

Q2: Match the steps with the pictures below:

<p>HOW WE GET OUR MILK</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">1</p>	<p>SHOPPERS LIKE YOU BUY IT.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">□</p>	<p>TRUCKS DELIVER THE MILK...</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">□</p>	<p>MMMMM MILK!</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">□</p>
<p>COWS ARE MILKED BY MACHINE</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">□</p>	<p>THEN IT'S DELIVERED TO GROCERY STORES.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">□</p>	<p>TO PROCESSING PLANTS</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">□</p>	<p>COWS EAT GRASS, HAY AND GRAIN.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">□</p>

PROCESS ESSAY



Written by JSGS Students:

How to solve your sleeping problem.

In our life we have to follow a good step by step process with a clear written plan to do anything correctly. This process essay shows in details how to solve your sleeping problems.

Before you start, you have to make sure that you have all the information and tools you need. To solve your sleeping problem you will need: sleeping pills, dark room, cozy bed and some novels.

Now you are ready for the next step. First, wake up early in the morning. Then, go to the gym to exercise. Next, in the evening, have a healthy dinner and you shouldn't drink caffeine. Then, take a warm bubble bath. After that, drink a cup of hot milk. Then, read your favorite novel or story. Later, switch off the lights and listen to calm music. Next, keep your phone away. Finally, lay down and sleep.

To sum up, it is always a good idea to have a checklist for these steps. So, you can put a tick next to every step you finish. Always do your best.

Written by: Zainab Nasser, Zainab Hassan Abd Hussain, Fatima Abbas, Fatima Faisal and Fatima Hussain. (2 Uni 7)

P.S. please refer to your class work and H.W (writings + worksheets)



Written by JS GS Students:

How to plan a birthday party.

In our life we have to follow a good step by step process with a clear written plan to do anything correctly. This process essay shows in details how plan the perfect birthday party.

Before you start, you have to make sure that you have all the information and tools you need. To plan the party you will need: invitation cards, decoration, food, cake, DJ, giveaways and a photographer.

Now you are ready to the next step. First, book the place that you are going to have your party in. Then, decide who you want to invite and send the invitation cards. Next, order a cake and make sure the food is ready as well. Then, prepare some giveaway gifts for the guests. After that, buy some decorations for the party. Then, call a band or a DJ to get the party started and everyone dancing. Later, contact a photographer to capture every moment. Finally, show up and have fun.

To sum up, it is always a good idea to have a checklist for these steps. So, you can put a tick next to every step you finish. Always do your best.

Written by: Safaa Moh'd, Alaa Jaffer, Hawra Yasser, Mariam Shaker, Aliya A.Jalil and Shahlaa Fareed.(2 Uni 7)

P.S. please refer to your class work and H.W (writings + worksheets)

PROCESS ESSAY

Written by JSGS Students:



How to cook your favourite recipe.

In our life we have to follow a good step by step process with a clear written plan to do anything correctly. This process essay shows in details how to cook your favorite recipe.

Before you start, you have to make sure that you have all the information and tools you need. To bake a chocolate cake you will need: butter, eggs, sugar, flour, cocoa powder, baking soda, vanilla and milk

Now you are ready for the next step. First, pre-heat the oven to 350 degrees. Then, in a large bowl beat the butter, eggs, sugar and vanilla. Next, add the dry ingredients flour, cocoa powder and baking soda. After that, pour the milk on the mixture. Continue to beat until it all blends together. Then, lay the mixture in a round cake pan. Bake 30 to 35 minutes. Later, remove the cake from oven and allow it to cool for a few minutes. Finally, decorate the cake with chocolate flakes.

In the end, invite your friends to try this yummy chocolate cake. Make sure you follow these steps to get the perfect result. Always do your best.

P.S. please refer to your class work and H.W (writings + worksheets).

Reading Model answer

Reading 1:

Q1:

1. Vinyl record	6. Type writer
2. Music cassette	7. Sony Walkman
3. Film camera	8. Floppy disk
4. Type writer	9. Telegraph
5. Black and white TV	10. Music Cassette

Reading 2:

Q1:

1. Tariq Ibn Ziyad
2. Hayat Sindi
3. Tarafa Ibn AlAbd
4. Ahmed Ibn Majid
5. Malala Yousafzi

Q2:

1. Scientist.	2. Leader.	3. Navigator.
4. Blogger.	5. Contribution.	6. Achievement.

Describing Charts:-

1. The sunny weather had the highest number of days. There were 18 sunny days.
2. The dusty weather had the least number of days in November. There were only 4 dusty days.
3. The cloudy, rainy and dusty days were nearly equal in November.
4. There were more cloudy days than rainy days.

The sunny weather is more by 10 days compared to the cloudy weather.

The bar chart gives the information about the weather in November in 2016. It shows the number of days for four different kinds of weather: sunny, cloudy, rainy and dusty.

It is clear from the chart that sunny weather had the highest number of days. There were 18 sunny days. The dusty weather had the least number of days in November. There were only 4 dusty days. The cloudy, rainy and dusty days were nearly equal in November. There were more cloudy days than rainy days. The sunny weather is more by 10 days compared to the cloudy weather.

Overall, there were only four kinds of weather in November. The weather was mostly sunny during this month. There were a few close number of cloudy and rainy days.

Describing Charts:-

The bar chart gives the information about the percentage of students who passed their high school exams in 2010 by gender in seven school subjects: French, Sports, Social Studies, Science, Math English and Arabic.

It is clear from the chart that girls' scores are higher than boys in almost all the subjects except Sports. Only 23% of the boys passed the French exam. Girls scored least in Social Studies, about 65% of the girls passed this exam. For the English exam, more girls passed the exam compared to the boys. 85% of the girls passed the English exam, while only 35% of boys passed it.

Overall, girls' exams results were better than boys in all subjects. Boys only scored high in Sports. Girls scored close percentage in Science, Math, English and Arabic.

Reading 3:

Q1:

1. Our brain becomes active and our eyes move around quickly.
2. * A good night's sleep makes students do better in school.
3. It means our body's natural rhythm of sleep. Our body clock tells us to sleep when it is dark and wake when it is light.

Q2:

4. Reinforce

5. Rapid

6. Essential

7. Average

8. Concentrate

Reading 4:

Q1:

Work :

- most of the difficult and dangerous work is done by computers and other machines.

Conditions of living :

- There are bathrooms and running water in many houses

Education :

- Students can find the educational materials they need easily thanks to the Internet.

Q2:

He thinks life is much easier now. However, it is not easy to decide if is also better.

Q3:

1. Obvious	2. Mobile.	3. Force.	4. Slightest.
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Reading 5:

Q1:

1. False
2. False
3. True

Q2:

